CDC Clinical Guidelines For Risk Reduction of STIs/HIV (New and Improved)

Jen Robinson, MS, WHNP-BC, CNM (she/they)
Adolescent Health Clinical Consultant
NM Alliance for School-Based Health Care

Thanks to Dr. Gina Fullbright DNP of NM DOH for her slides on doxy PEP!





Financial disclosure

No relevant disclosures



Learning bursts + workflow Wednesdays!



CDC CLINICAL GUIDELINES FOR RISK REDUCTION OF STIS/HIV (NEW AND IMPROVED)

3:00 pm - 3:30 pm

Join us for a NMASBHC Learning Burst! CEUs/CMEs available for those who attend live. Recordings will be available on our website 2 weeks after the live Learning Burst. Recordings available here. Objectives: Register Here



WALK IN PREGNANCY TEST: WORKFLOW TO HELP SBHC STAFF PROVIDE SERVICES WHEN CLINICIANS ARE NOT PRESENT

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Or visit www.nmasbhc.org/our-work/events-training/





Email our Adolescent Health Clinical Consultant, Jen Robinson, Jen@nmasbhc.org to setup additional trainings for your team or to schedule a 1:1 technical assistance call.

Cant wait for you to join us!

REPRODUCTIVE & SEXUAL HEALTH TRAINING



- X Created for all clinic staff
- X In-person full day training
- X Free CME/CE
- X Breakfast and lunch provided



Location TBD

Brought to you by NMASBHC & UNM Contraception Mentoring Program



For details and to register for this free event follow the QR code.









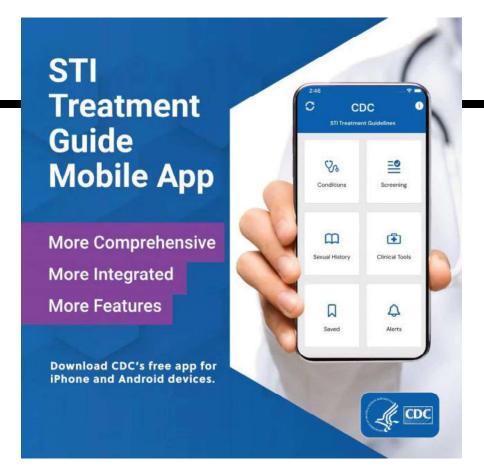
Learning objectives

- Identify components of gender-inclusive sexual health history taking
- Review updated STI screening and risk reduction recommendations
- 3. Discuss STI treatment resources and strategies





Download me! (New app as of 2021)







Case one: Avery

- 18 year old
- "I want to be tested for everything"
- Presents to clinic with a male partner







Taking an Inclusive Sexual History – the Ps

- Pronouns
- Parts
- Partners
- Practices (& Prevention)
- Pregnancy (& Intention)



References

Savoy, et al. 2020 Bedsider.org

Beyond "men, women, or both"!

- Explain why you are asking questions about sexual history.
 - "I talk to all my patients about sex to help them get the care they need.
 - Some people may feel uncomfortable, and that's ok.
 - You can always ask to skip a question or tell me if you want to stop.
 - What questions or concerns do you have about that?"
- Be okav with a "no"



- 18 year old
- Nonbinary, uses they/them pronouns
- Designated male at birth
- Makes sperm
- Does not want to discuss pregnancy prevention









- Has a new cis male partner (produces sperm)
- Avery has receptive sex in their back hole – usually with condoms
- ...Any other questions for Avery...?!?!

 Avery reports giving oral sex to their partner





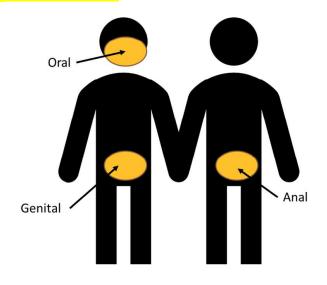


What Sites to Screen? #NormalizeExtragenitalTesting

All sexually exposed anatomical sites

- Urethra (for people with penises)
- Cervix
- Rectum
- Pharynx





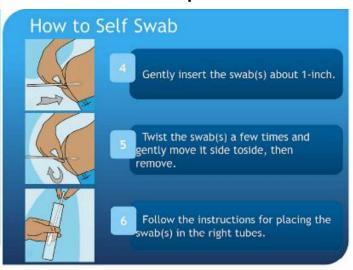




How to Test?

Self-obtained swabs are acceptable and often preferred













How to test?

Self-obtained swabs are acceptable and often preferred



Free patient self-swabbing instructions

Free!

Pharyngeal

Rectal

Vaginal

Available in 21 languages!

Order at: https://www.uwptc.org/visual-guides



- Screened for chlamydia + gonorrhea – self swab in back hole, nurse collects pharyngeal swab
- Offered HIV and syphilis screening, Avery declined due to fear of needles
- Offered condoms and lube







- Called back into clinic
- Review results and need for treatment
- Avery says "But I don't have any symptoms and neither do my partners!"





Explain why we screen asymptomatic people!!

- Screen to prevent sequelae
- Even if NO symptoms
- Remember the 3 sites! genital and extragenital testing

CHLAMYDIA CAN LOOK LIKE THIS...







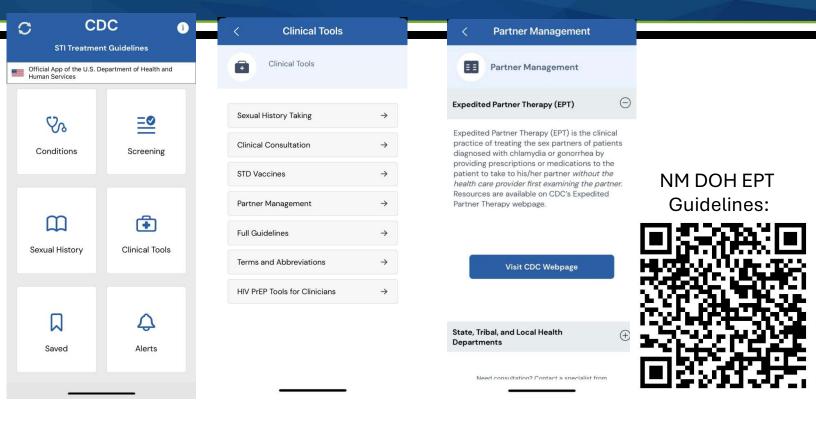
OR IT CAN LOOK LIKE THIS...

HEALTH NMHealth

ABOUT 70% OF INFECTED FEMALES AND 50% OF INFECTED MEN DON'T HAVE OBVIOUS SYMPTOMS.

WWW.LETSTALKABOUTIT.NHS.UK

Expedited partner therapy – it's a thing!



Management of Sex Partners

- Testing for partners! (don't forget HIV and syphilis!)
- Expedited partner therapy (EPT)
- How to write a rx if in clinic dispensing not available

Recommended EPT Regimens For chlamydia:

- Doxycycline 100 mg PO BID x 7 days is preferred unless the partner is pregnant
- Azithromycin 1 gm PO x 1 is less effective, especially for rectal chlamydia, but can be used in partners who are pregnant or unlikely to adhere to a 7-day course of therapy

For gonorrhea:

Cefixime 800 mg PO x 1

For trichomoniasis:

- Partner(s) at risk of cervicovaginal infection: Metronidazole 500 mg PO BID x 7 days
- Partner(s) at risk of penile infection:
 Metronidazole 2 gm orally x 1





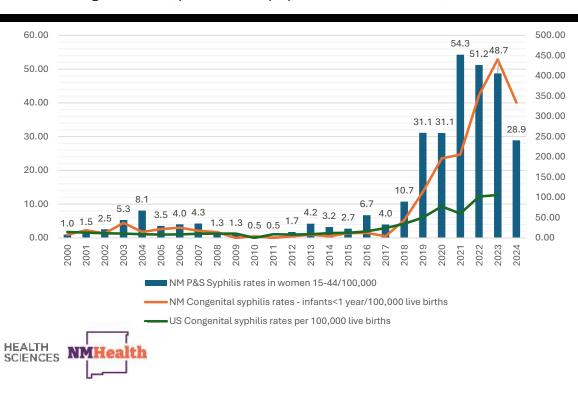
NM Landscape







Congenital Syphilis rates in infants<1 year, per 100,000 live births, New Mexico and US, and Primary and Secondary Syphilis rates in women aged 15 - 44, per 100,000 population New Mexico, 2000 - 2024







IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT:

- 1. All medical practitioners shall ensure the following testing upon consent of the patient:
- a. Adults aged 18 to 50 should be screened at least once in the next 12 months, or more often as recommended based on individual risk or pregnancy status
 - b. Syphilis testing for all pregnant people in their first trimester (or initial prenatal visit)
 - c. Syphilis testing for all pregnant people in their 3rd trimester (between 28-32 weeks gestational age)
 - d. Syphilis testing for all pregnant people at delivery
 - e. Syphilis testing for all pregnant people who present to an urgent care center or an emergency room if the patient has not received prior prenatal care
 - f. Syphilis testing of people with an intrauterine fetal demise at any gestational age
 - g. Syphilis testing for all pregnant people at correctional facilities, including prisons, jails, and juvenile detention centers, at the intervals and events ordered herein.
- THIS ORDER supersedes any previous order, proclamation, or directives to the extent they are in conflict. This Public Order shall take effect immediately and remain in effect until such time as it automatically expires one year from the date of issuance, or until such time as the NMDOH Cabinet Secretary rescinds it.







Avery (they/them) – starts doxy in clinic, given rest of rx to take home

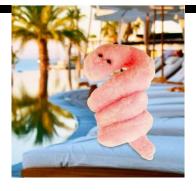


HEALTH NMHealth

- Current partner comes in to clinic for EPT
- Ex has EPT rx sent to pharmacy
- Recommend HIV and syphilis screening (again)

Counseling and Education – Dot phrases are your friends

- Resuming sexual activity
- Partner notification
- Follow-up testing
- Complications of chlamydial infection
- STI prevention and screening









 "Is there anything else I can do to reduce the risk of getting a STI in the future?"

Pre-exposure prophylaxis – reduce HIV risk

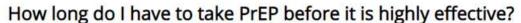


How effective is PrEP?

PrEP is highly effective for preventing HIV.

- PrEP reduces the risk of getting HIV from sex by about 99% when taken as prescribed.
- Although there is less information about how effective PrEP is among people who inject drugs, we do know that PrEP reduces the risk of getting HIV by at least 74% when taken as prescribed.
- PrEP is much less effective when it is not taken as prescribed.





- PrEP reaches maximum protection from HIV for receptive anal sex (bottoming) at about 7 days of daily use.
- For receptive vaginal sex and injection drug use, PrEP reaches maximum protection at about 21 days of daily use.
- No data are available for insertive anal sex (topping) or insertive vaginal sex.

Learn more about the PrEP effectiveness estimate.







https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/clinicians/prevention/prep.html



Is PrEP right for me?

PrEP may be right for you if you test negative for HIV, and any of the following apply to you:

LEARN ABOUT YOUR HIV RISK AND HOW TO LOWER IT



You have had anal or vaginal sex in the past 6 months and you

- · have a sexual partner with HIV (especially if the partner has an unknown or detectable viral load),
- · have not consistently used a condom, or
- have been diagnosed with an STD in the past 6 months.

You inject drugs and you

- . have an injection partner with HIV, or
- · share needles, syringes, or other equipment to inject drugs (for example, cookers).





- · report continued risk behavior, or
- · have used multiple courses of PEP.



If you are a woman and have a partner with HIV and are considering getting pregnant, talk to your doctor about PrEP if you're not already taking it. PrEP may be an option to help protect you and your baby from getting HIV while you try to get pregnant, during pregnancy, or while breastfeeding.

Can adolescents take PrEP?

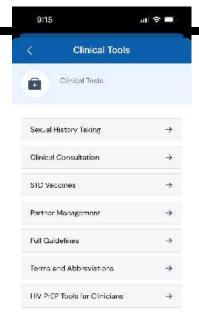
Yes. PrEP is approved for use by adolescents without HIV who weigh at least 75 pounds (35 kg) and who are at risk for getting HIV from sex or injection drug use.





CDC STI Updates 2021











Doxy-PEP= Doxycycline Post Exposure Prophylaxis

- Early studies show
 - reduced risk of syphilis and chlamydia by 80% or more
 - reduced risk of gonorrhea by 50%.
- Strategy of taking the antibiotic doxycycline
 - after condomless oral or anal sex
 - to prevent chlamydia, gonorrhea, or syphilis.







https://www.ashasexualhealth.org/doxy-pep-is-a-new-strategy-to-help-prevent-stis/

JI

Hot off the Press!!

- Kaiser Permanente Northern California
- 2253 HIV Prep users
 - 2228 Male
- >18 years of age
- Nearly 50% had an STI in the year prior to starting doxy-PEP
 - 681 chlamydia
 - 664 gonorrhea
 - 120 syphilis





Doxycycline Postexposure Prophylaxis and Bacterial Sexually Transmitted Infections Among Individuals Using HIV Preexposure Prophylaxis

Michael W. Traeger, PhD. MSc; Wendy A. Leyden, MPH; Jonathan E. Volk, MD; Michael J. Silverberg, PhD; Michael A. Horberg, MD; Teaniese L. Davis, PhD; Kenneth H. Mayer, MD; Douglas S. Krakower, MD; Jessica G. Young, PhD; Saruel M. Jenness, PhD; Julia L. Marcus, PhD

IMPORTANCE Doxycycline postexposure prophylaxis (doxyFEP) has been shown to decrease the incidence of bacterial sexually transmitted infections (STIS) among people assigned male sex at birth in clinical trials, but data from clinical practice are limited.

OBJECTIVE TO describe early uptake of doxyPEP and evaluate changes in STI incidence following doxyPEP initiation.

DESIGN, SETTING, AND PARTICIPANTS This retrospective cohort study of adults (aged ≥ 18 years) dispensed HIV preexposure prophylaxis (PFEP) at Kaiser Permanente Northern California during November 1, 2022, to December 31, 2023, examined electronic health record data to compare HIV PTE users dispensed and not depensed doxyPEP and rates of bacterial STIs before and after starting doxyPEP. Individuals were followed up from their first recorded STI test on or after November 1, 2020, until December 31, 2023, or discontinuation of health plan membership.

EXPOSURE Pharmacy dispensing data were used to define doxyPEP recipients.

MAIN OUTCOMES AND MEASURES Demographic and clinical characteristics were compared between individuals dispensed and not dispensed doxyPEP. Primary outcomes were incident chlamydia, genorrhia, or inflictious syphilis measured as quarterly STI positivity (proportion of individuals testing positive at least once per quarter). Among doxyPEP recipients, rate ratios (RRs) compared mean quarterly STI positivity from 24 months before to 12 months after starting GoxyPEP. In an exploratory analysis, STI trends were evaluated for the full cohort, stratified by receipt of doxyPEP.

cohort, stratffied by receipt of doxyPEP.

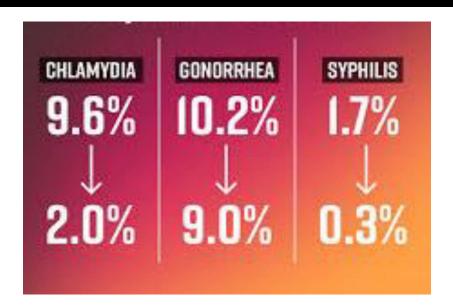
RESULTS Among 11 SS1 HIV PFEP users (mean [SD] age, 39.9 [12.1] years; 95.196 male), 2253 (19.5%) were dispensed doxyPEP, of whom 2228 (98.9%) were male and 1036 (48.6%) had an ST1 in the year before starting doxyPEP. Compared with individuals not dispensed doxyPEP, doxyPEP recipients were older (mean [SD] ag. Av. 41(D.8] vs. 39.8 [12.4] years; P. - .001), and ad used HIV PFEP longer (mean [SD] ag. Av. 41(D.8] vs. 39.8 [12.4] years; P. - .001). Among doxyPEP recipients, quarterly chiamydia positivity decreased from 9.6% (59% CI. 9.0%-10.3%) before starting doxyPEP to 2.0% (95% CI. 15%-2.6%) after starting doxyPEP (RR. 0.21; 55% CI. 0.16-0.27; P. - .001), with significant declines for each anatomic ster of infection, Quarterly gonorhea positivity decreased from 10.2% (95% CI. 9.6%-10.9%) before starting doxyPEP (RR. 0.8; 95% CI. 0.173-10.7) = P. - [AM); 418-49-40.11, 10.1%) after starting doxyPEP (RR. 0.8; 95% CI. 0.173-10.7) = P. - [AM); 418-49-40.11, 10.1%) after starting doxyPEP (RR. 0.8; 95% CI. 0.10, 10.0%) and usethral (RR. 0.16; 95% CI. 0.10-0.2%) after starting doxyPEP (RR. 0.18; 95% CI. 0.10-0.3%) after starting doxyPEP (RR. 0.18; 95% CI. 0.10-0.0%) after starting doxyPEP (RR. 0.20; 95% CI. 0.10-0.3%) after starting doxyPEP (RR. 0.20

CONCLUSIONS AND RELEVANCE This study found that receipt of doxyPEP was associated with substantial declines in chlamydia and syphilis incidence and modest declines in urethral and rectal gonorrhea incidence among individuals using HIV PEP. These findings suggest that doxyPEP may offer substantial benefits for reducing population-level STI transmission with lnoade intuleinerisation:

Traeger. M. et al., 2025 JAMA

Related article

Doxy-PEP decreases bacterial STI rates





Traeger. M. et al., 2025 JAMA

Summary of Doxy-PEP Efficacy

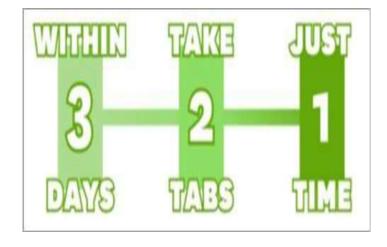
- Doxy-PEP WORKS!
 - Especially for chlamydia and syphilis (less so for GC)
 - · Well studied in MSM and TGW
- Data is limited or lacking for other groups
 - Lack of efficacy in AFAB seems likely to adherence
 - New studies underway
- No protection for the "H's"
 - HPV, HSV, HIV, Hepatitis, and Mpox





Providing Doxy-PEP





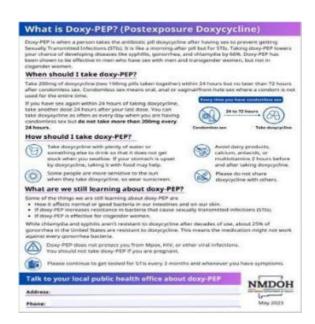




Counseling & Instructions: Doxy-PEP

- Timing
 - Ideally within 24 hours no later than 72
 - No more than one 200 mg dose in 24 hours
- Interactions
 - Dairy/calcium
- Possible side effects
 - GI-nausea, vomiting, pain
 - Sun sensitivity
 - Esophagitis





Follow-up

- Screen for STIs every 3 months
 - All potentially exposed sites
- Treat any STI according to STI Treatment Guidelines (cdc.gov)
- Ongoing counseling
- Consider periodic lab work: LFTs, renal function, CBC





Lingering Questions: Doxy-PEP

Antibiotic Resistance

- GC, Staph aureus, MRSA
- Could induce resistance
- Unclear what the clinical implications would be (Doxy not used to treat GC)
- Doxycycline remains 100% effective for *T. pallidum & C. trachomatis*.

Effects on Gut Microbiome

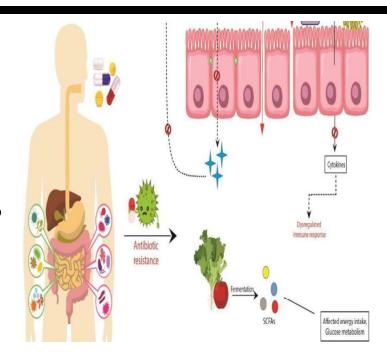
- · Good bacteria vs. bad bacteria
- "Doxy-PEP use over 6 months did not significantly alter bacterial microbiome diversity of total bacterial abundance" (Chu et al-Poster CROI 2024)





Lingering Questions Summary: Doxy-PEP

- While there are lingering questions about antimicrobial resistance & the gut microbiome...
- Those concerns do not necessarily outweigh the potential benefits of doxy-PEP given STI epidemics



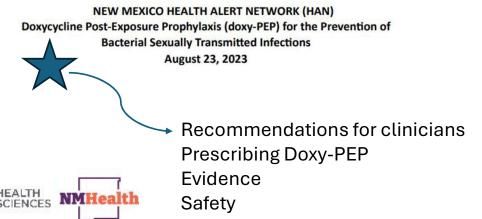


NM DOH Health Advisory Notice: Doxy-PEP



MICHELLE LUJAN GRISHAM Governor

PATRICK M. ALLEN Cabinet Secretary





Take home points



- #NormalizeExtragenitalTesting
- Routinely offer syphilis and HIV screening
- Use CDC STI app + resources
- Reach out to Jen with questions and/or to discuss implementation issues!

jarobinson@salud.unm.edu



UNM Contraception Mentoring Program Webinar Series

One hour free CME/CEU per session!



FEB 26

Abnormal Uterine Bleeding & Contraceptive Management

Online event

Wednesday, February 26, 2025 at 4:00 PM MST

MAR 26



Emergency Contraception

Online event

Wednesday, March 26, 2025 at 4:00 PM MDT

APR 30



Premenstrual Disorders and Contraceptive Management

Online event

Wednesday, April 30, 2025 at 4:00 PM MDT

28



Perimenopause and Contraception

Online even

Wednesday, May 28, 2025 at 4:00 PM MDT

REGISTER HERE





NM DOH Nurse Helpline: 1-833-SWNURSE

Navigate patients to care Help providers connect with next steps re:

- STI guidelines
- Reproductive health
- Vaccines
- + more!

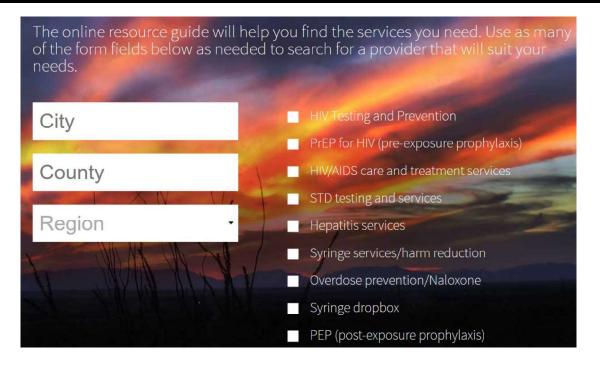




NM DOH STI Online Resource Guide







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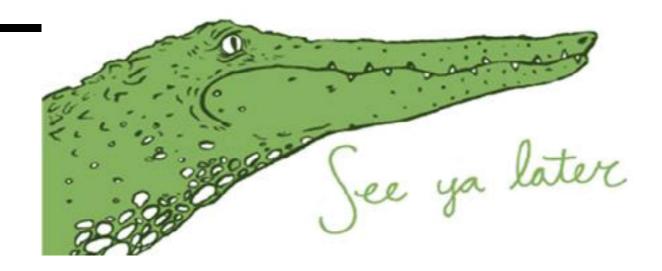
For details and to register for this free event follow the QR code.













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